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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/881,580	06/15/2001	Jacques Mercure	14885-1US JA/AA/Id	5867
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OGILVY RENAULT			HU. JINSONG	
1981 MCGILL COLLEGE AVENUE SUITE 1600		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MONTREAL, QC H3A2Y3			2154	
CANADA		DATE MARKED: 11/03/2004		

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Author C	09/881,580	MERCURE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
·····	Jinsong Hu	2154
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirn y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 O	ctober 2001.	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) \square objected to by the E	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	` '
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application on the contraction of the contr	on No ed in this National Stage
Ottachment(s)		
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/22/01.	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1- 27 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9, 12-16 and 22-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brodersen et al. (US 6,732,100, hereinafter as BR' 100), in view of Brodersen et al. (US 6,266,669, hereinafter as BR' 669).
- 4. As per claims 1 and 16, BR' 100 teaches the invention as claimed including a computer network for storing user data and sharing at least a part of same among users with permission rights over a network, each of said users having a user identification [col. 1, lines 45-50], the computer network comprising:

a dispatch server, said dispatch server comprising a look-up table, said look-up table providing a relation between a user identification and a cell identification [Figs. 1-2; col. 4, lines 29-44];

more than one cells, each of said more than one cells comprising, an owner authentication unit, authenticating a local user and providing an owner authentication signal [col. 3, lines 38-50; col. 5, lines 30-43];

a shared database, said shared database comprising said shared data [col. 1, lines 50-53; col. 2, lines 57-60; col. 3, lines 51-65];

a permission database, the permission database comprising a relation between at least one user identification, at least one part of said data and said permission rights [col. 1, lines 55-61; col. 3, lines 25-50];

a shared access authentication unit, connected to said WAN, the shared access authentication unit authenticating a non local user using said permission database and providing a shared access authentication signal [col. 1, lines 55-61; col. 2, lines 7-24 & 33-37]; and

a database manager, connected to at least said owner authentication unit, to said shared access authentication unit, to said permission database and to said shared database, the database manager, receiving a request from a user and providing an access with permission right to at least one part of said shared data of said shared database with said permission rights if an owner authentication signal or if a shared access authentication signal is received [col. 1, 45 – col. 2, line 43].

5. BR' 100 does not specifically teach the network is WAN. However, BR' 669 on the other hand teaches a network is WAN [connection between 301 and 4, Fig. 9]. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to combine the teaching of BR' 100 and BR' 669 because utilizing BR' 669's WAN in BR' 100's system would improve the functionality of the system by providing service to more users.

- 6. As per claim 2, BR' 100 teaches a owner database, the owner database being connected to said database manager, the owner database comprising an identification of the database available to a particular user [col. 2, lines 15-23; col. 5, lines 51-53].
- 7. As per claim 3, BR' 100 teaches a owner resource access manager enabling a local user access to access at least one application, said at least one application using at least one database [col. 2, lines 23-24; col. 4, line 45 col. 5, line 43].
- 8. As per claims 4 and 5, BR' 100 teaches the owner resource manager enables said local user to access at least one application, using an interface, said interface comprising at least one function button, each of said at least one function button providing access to one of said at least one application, a list all database available to a user, said list comprising the name of said database available, the owner and the permission status [col. 2, lines 25-43; col. 3, lines 38-65; col. 4, line 45-50].
- 9. As per claim 6, BR' 669 teaches at least one database search technique comprises a boolean search [col. 7, lines 3-7].

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10. As per claims 7 and 8, BR' 100 teaches a profile manager enabling a user to modify a permission right for at least one part of his data [col. 4, lines 53-58].

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- 11. As per claim 9, BR' 100 and BR' 669 teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not specifically teach at least one application comprises a calendar. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a calendar in BR' 100/BR' 669's system because doing so would bring convenience to user when user needs time related information. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify BR' 100/BR' 669's system with a calendar to make the system friendlier to user.
- 12. As per claims 12 and 13, BR' 100 teaches a special search engine enabling said user to select a search application, at least one database of said database available and a search data, said special search engine enabling said user to perform a search using said search application with said search data and to update said at least one database with at least one part of the results from said search [col. 2, lines 25-43; col. 3, lines 38-65; col. 4, line 45-50].
- 13. As per claims 14 and 15, BR' 100 teaches one of said at least one application comprises a synchronization application enabling a user to synchronize at least two databases and a back-up/restore application, the back-up/restore application enabling a

user to perform a back-up/restore of at least one database [col. 2, lines 25-37; col. 4, line 45 – col. 5, line 43].

- 14. As per claims 22-27, since they are method claims of claims 1-8, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 1-8 above.
- 15. Claims 10-11 and 17-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brodersen et al. (US 6,732,100, hereinafter as BR' 100), in view of Brodersen et al. (US 6,266,669, hereinafter as BR' 669) as applied to claims 1-9, 12-16 and 22-27 above, further in view of "Official Notice".
- 16. As per claims 10 and 11, BR' 100 and BR' 669 teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not teach the step of crating a preference list and address book. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for preference list and address book are well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include preference list and address book with BR' 100/BR' 669's system because it would benefit users by providing more executable function to users.
- 17. As per claims 17-19, BR' 100 and BR' 669 teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not teach encryption means. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for encryption means is well

known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include encryption means with BR' 100/BR' 669's system because it would increase the secure ability of the system.

18. As per claims 20 and 21, BR' 100 and BR' 669 teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not teach an alarm watchdog. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for alarm watchdog is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include alarm watchdog with BR' 100/BR' 669's system because it would increase the reliability of the system.

Conclusion

19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

O'Brien et al. (US 6,351,776) discloses a shared resource system;
Whitmyer, jr. (US 6,049,801) discloses a professional service internet system;
Suzuki et al. (US 6,526,406) discloses a database access system.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jinsong Hu whose telephone number is (703) 306-5932. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A. Follansbee can be reached on (703) 305-8498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jinsong Hu

October 25, 2004

JOHN FOLLANSBEE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100